**Period 2 Review: European Colonization and the English Colonies**

**Europeans and American Indians maneuvered and fought for dominance, control and security in North America and distinctive colonial and native societies emerged.**

1. **Diverse patterns of Colonization amongst Europeans**
	1. **Difference in Spanish, French, Dutch and British goals and colonization patterns**
		1. **Spanish- control and conversion**
		2. **French/Dutch- trade and intermarriage with Natives**
		3. **English- Agriculture, settlements, hostility with Natives**
	2. **British-American System of Slavery**
		1. **British racial Hierarchy (intermarriage with other nations)**
		2. **From indentured servants to African Slaves (reasoning)**
		3. **British Superiority- led to violent confrontations with Natives**
		4. **Slave Resistance**
	3. **Factors causing regional differences in British colonies**
		1. **New England (Religious, families, agriculture, and commerce)**
		2. **Middle Colonies (diverse, trade, cash crops, independent farmers)**
		3. **Southern Colonies (Slave labor, Staple Crops/Cash Crops, Diversity)**
2. **Conflict between European Nations and Native Populations**
	1. **Competition over resources**
		1. **Beaver Wars**
		2. **Valued goods in Europe- Fur, Tobacco (impact)**
		3. **Bacon’s Rebellion, smuggling, frontier defense**
	2. **Clashes between European and Native Americans Social and Economic values causes change**
		1. **King Phillip’s War**
		2. **Spanish vs. British accommodation of Native American culture**
		3. **Trade of weapons and alcohol- led to more conflict**
3. **Increased Exchange between old and new world had a profound impact on the development of colonial societies in North America.**
	1. **Commercial, Religious, Philosophical and Political interaction among Europeans, Africans and American Native peoples stimulated economic growth, expanded social networks, and reshaped labor systems**
		1. **Triangular Trade**
		2. **Religions impact on society in British Colonies (New England, Pennsylvania, Maryland, John Locke)**
	2. **Britain maintains their North American empire despite colonial challenges and efforts for control.**
		1. **Benign/Salutary Neglect led to Self-Governance (Autonomy)**
		2. **Mercantilism, Navigation Acts**
		3. **Enlightenment, Great Awakening**